

Überblick der Gesamtheiten

	mikrokanonisch	kanonisch	großkanonisch
Vorgaben	konstante Energie E	mittlere Energie $\bar{E} = \langle H \rangle = \text{tr}(\rho H)$	mittlere Energie $\bar{E} = \langle H \rangle = \text{tr}(\rho H)$ mittlere Teilchenzahl $\bar{N} = \langle N \rangle = \text{tr}(\rho N)$
Zustands- summe	$\Omega = \text{tr}[\delta(H-E)]$	$Z_{\beta} = \text{tr}(e^{-\beta H})$	$Z_{\beta, \mu} = \text{tr}(e^{-\beta(H-\mu N)})$
Dichte- operator	$\rho = \frac{1}{\Omega} \delta(H-E)$	$\rho = \frac{1}{Z_{\beta}} e^{-\beta H}$	$\rho = \frac{1}{Z_{\beta, \mu}} e^{-\beta(H-\mu N)}$
thermodyn. Potential	Entropie $S = k \ln(\Omega)$	Freie Energie $\beta F = -\ln(Z_{\beta})$	Großkanon. Potential $\beta J = -\ln(Z_{\beta, \mu})$
unabhängige Variablen	E, V, N	T, V, N	T, V, μ
kalorische Zu- standsgln.	$\frac{1}{T} = \frac{\partial S}{\partial E}$	$E = -T^2 \frac{\partial}{\partial T} \left(\frac{F}{T} \right)$	$E = -T^2 \frac{\partial}{\partial T} \left(\frac{J}{T} \right) + \mu N,$ $N = -\frac{\partial J}{\partial \mu}$
thermische Zu- standsgln.	$p = T \frac{\partial S}{\partial V}$	$p = -\frac{\partial F}{\partial V}$	$p = -\frac{\partial J}{\partial V},$ $N = -\frac{\partial J}{\partial \mu}$